Preparation for the MRI

Bring a copy of the order for the procedure from your referring physician.

No special preparation is needed for most MRI examinations.

The weight limit for the closed high-field MRI is 440 lbs.

Before studies of the brain, spine or joints you may eat a regular diet. For studies of the abdomen or pelvis you should refrain from eating or drinking for 4 hours.

Take your usual medications.

Wear comfortable, loose clothing. You may be asked to change into a gown.

Before entering the MRI room you must remove ALL metallic objects including hearing aids, dentures, partial plates, keys, beeper, cell phone, eyeglasses, hair pins, barrettes, jewelry, body piercing jewelry, watch, safety pins, paperclips, money clip, credit cards, bank cards, magnetic strip cards, coins, pens, pocket knife, nail clippers, tools, clothing with metal fasteners, and clothing with metallic threads.

The MRI system has a very strong magnetic field that is always on. Improper entry to the MRI scanning room may result in serious injury or death. Do not enter the scanning room without the permission of the technologist or Radiologist. Do not enter the MRI room if you have any question or concern regarding the safety of an implant or device.

The following devices may be hazardous to you and/or interfere with the MRI examination:

Aneurysm clip(s)

Cardiac pacemaker

Implanted cardioverter defibrillator (ICD)

Electronic implant or device

Magnetically-activated implant or device

Neurostimulation system

Spinal cord stimulator

Internal electrodes or wires

Bone growth/bone fusion stimulator

Cochlear, otologic, or other ear implant

Hearing aid

Insulin or other infusion pump

Implanted drug infusion device

Any type of prosthesis (eye, penile, etc.)

Heart valve prosthesis

Eyelid spring or wire

Artificial or prosthetic limb

Metallic stent, filter, or coil

Shunt (spinal or intraventricular)

Vascular access port and/or catheter

Radiation seeds or implants

Swan-Ganz or thermodilution catheter

Medication patch (Nicotine, Nitroglycerin)

Any metallic fragment or foreign body

Wire mesh implant

Tissue expander (e.g. breast)

Surgical staples, clips, or metallic sutures

Joint replacement (hip, knee, etc.)

Bone/joint pin, screw, nail, wire, plate, etc.

IUD, diaphragm, or pessary



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